



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
MIDDLE SECTION
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE**

NATURAL VEGETATION AND WILDLIFE



NAME: _____ **CLASS/SEC:** VII **ROLL NO:** _____ **DATE:** ____/1/2019

S.NO

I FILL IN THE BLANKS.

1. The changes in the type of _____ occur mainly because of the changes of _____.
2. Tropical Evergreen Forests are also called _____.
3. _____ trees are extremely useful for making furniture, transport and constructional materials.
4. The _____ forests are located in the mid-latitude coastal region.
5. The temperate evergreen forests comprise _____ and _____ wood trees like oak, pine, eucalyptus etc.
6. The trees in the temperate deciduous forests shed their leaves in the _____.
7. The _____ regions are marked with hot dry summers and mild rainy winters.
8. The tropical grasslands occur on either side of the _____ and extend till the _____.
9. _____ are located on the western margins of the continents..
10. The growth of natural vegetation is very limited in the extremely cold _____.
11. Mediterranean trees adapt themselves to dry summers with the help of their _____ and _____ which help them reduce transpiration.

II NAME THE FOLLOWING:

1. Coniferous forests of the northern hemisphere are also known as.

2. In Russian language this means pure and untouched.

3. These regions are known as 'the orchards of the world' because of their fruit cultivation.

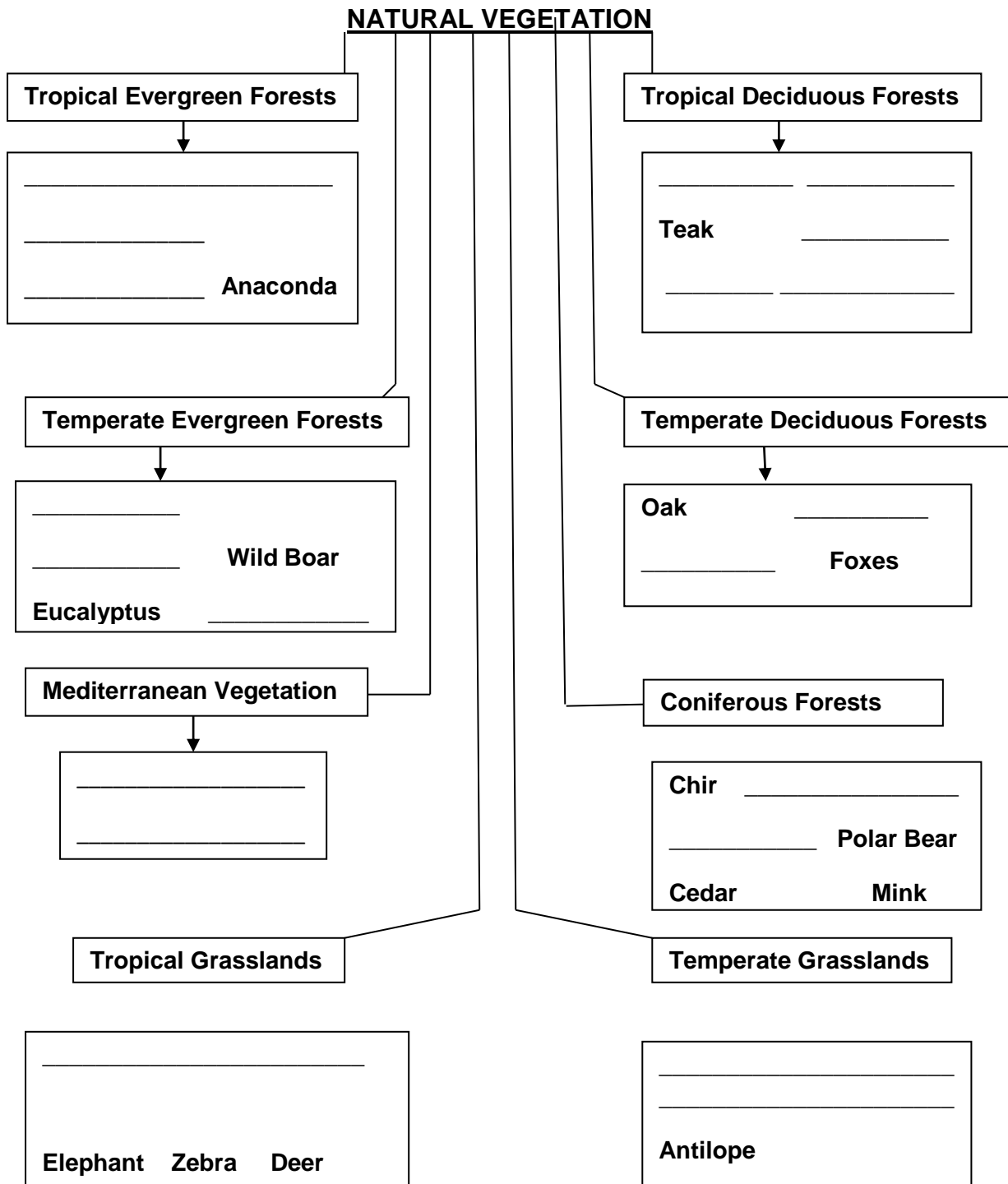
4. Tropical Grasslands in – East Africa, Brazil and Venezuela.

5. Temperate Grasslands in- Argentina, North America, South Africa, Central Asia and Australia.

6. Mosses and lichens are the examples of trees of this type of vegetation.

III

COMPLETE THE GIVEN FLOWCHART BY IDENTIFYING THE TYPES OF NATURAL VEGETATION:



IV ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS :

MARKS

- 1. Enlist the factors on which the growth of natural vegetation depends. 2
- 2. Differentiate between Tropical Evergreen and Tropical Deciduous forests. 2
- 3. How are the softwood trees of the Coniferous forests useful to us? 2
- 4. 'The animals in the polar regions have thick fur and thick skin'- explain why? Name some animals found in this region. 2
- 5. Write a short note on the Mediterranean type of vegetation.. 3
- 6. Classify and write about the different categories of natural vegetation. 4

V ON THE GIVEN OUTLINE MAP OF THE WORLD MARK AND LABEL THE FOLLOWING GRASSLANDS:

a .Prairies (North America)	b. Pampas (Argentina)	c. Veld (South Africa)
d. Steppes (Central Asia)	e. Downs (Australia)	f. Savanna (East Africa)

MAJOR GRASSLANDS OF THE WORLD

